2829

- 2 **ESHB 2514** S AMD (S5379.5) 973
- 3 By Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Swecker and Fraser
- 4 ADOPTED AS AMENDED 3/6/98
- 5 Strike everything after the enacting clause and insert the 6 following:
- 7 "Sec. 1. RCW 90.82.040 and 1997 c 442 s 105 are each amended to 8 read as follows:
- 9 (1) Once a WRIA planning unit has been ((organized)) initiated 10 under section 2 of this act and ((designated)) a lead agency has been 11 designated, it shall notify the department and may apply to the 12 department for funding assistance for conducting the planning. Funds 13 shall be provided from and to the extent of appropriations made by the 14 legislature to the department expressly for this purpose.
- 15 (2) Each planning unit that has complied with subsection (1) of this section is eligible to receive ((fifty thousand dollars for each 16 17 WRIA to initiate the planning process. The department shall allocate additional funds to WRIA planning units based on need demonstrated by 18 19 a detailed proposed budget submitted by the planning unit for carrying 20 out the duties of the planning unit. Each WRIA planning unit may 21 receive up to two hundred fifty thousand dollars for each WRIA during the first two year period of planning, with a maximum allocation of 22 five hundred thousand dollars for each WRIA. Funding provided under 23 24 this section shall be considered a contractual obligation against the 25 moneys appropriated for this purpose)) watershed planning grants in the following amounts for three phases of watershed planning: 26
 - (a) Initiating governments may apply for an initial organizing grant of up to fifty thousand dollars for a single WRIA or up to seventy-five thousand dollars for a multi-WRIA management area in accordance with section 2(4) of this act;
- 31 <u>(b) A planning unit may apply for up to two hundred thousand</u>
 32 <u>dollars for each WRIA in the management area for conducting watershed</u>
 33 assessments in accordance with section 3 of this act; and
- 34 <u>(c) A planning unit may apply for up to two hundred fifty thousand</u>
 35 <u>dollars for each WRIA in the management area for developing a watershed</u>
 36 <u>plan and making recommendations for actions by local, state, and</u>

- federal agencies, tribes, private property owners, private organizations, and individual citizens, including a recommended list of strategies and projects that would further the purpose of the plan in accordance with sections 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6 of this act.
- 5 (3) ((Preference shall be given to planning units requesting 6 funding for conducting multi-WRIA planning under section 108 of this 7 act)) (a) The department shall use the eligibility criteria in this 8 subsection (3) instead of rules, policies, or guidelines when 9 evaluating grant applications at each stage of the grants program.
- 10 <u>(b) In reviewing grant applications under this subsection (3), the</u>
 11 department shall evaluate whether:
- 12 <u>(i) The planning unit meets all of the requirements of this</u>
 13 <u>chapter;</u>
- (ii) The application demonstrates a need for state planning funds to accomplish the objectives of the planning process; and
- 16 <u>(iii) The application and supporting information evidences a</u>
 17 <u>readiness to proceed.</u>
- (c) In ranking grant applications submitted at each stage of the grants program, the department shall give preference to applications in the following order of priority:
- 21 <u>(i) Applications from existing planning groups that have been in</u> 22 existence for at least one year;
- (ii) Applications that address protection and enhancement of fish
 habitat in watersheds that have aquatic fish species listed or proposed
 to be listed as endangered or threatened under the federal endangered
 species act, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq. and for which there is
 evidence of an inability to supply adequate water for population and
 economic growth from:
 - (A) First, multi-WRIA planning; and
- 30 (B) Second, single WRIA planning;
- 31 <u>(iii) Applications that address protection and enhancement of fish</u>
 32 habitat in watersheds or for which there is evidence of an inability to
- 33 supply adequate water for population and economic growth from:
- 34 (A) First, multi-WRIA planning; and
- 35 (B) Second, single WRIA planning.
- 36 (d) The department may not impose any local matching fund
- 37 requirement as a condition for grant eligibility or as a preference for
- 38 <u>receiving a grant.</u>

- 1 (4) The department may retain up to one percent of funds allocated 2 under this section to defray administrative costs.
- 3 (5) Planning under this chapter should be completed as 4 expeditiously as possible, with the focus being on local stakeholders 5 cooperating to meet local needs.
- 6 (6) Funding provided under this section shall be considered a
 7 contractual obligation against the moneys appropriated for this
 8 purpose.
- Sec. 2. INITIATION OF WATERSHED PLANNING. 9 NEW SECTION. (1)Planning conducted under this chapter must provide for a process to 10 allow the local citizens within a WRIA or multi-WRIA area to join 11 together in an effort to: (a) Assess the status of the water resources 12 of their WRIA or multi-WRIA area; and (b) determine how best to manage 13 14 the water resources of the WRIA or multi-WRIA area to balance the 15 competing resource demands for that area within the parameters under 16 section 8 of this act.
- (2) Watershed planning under this chapter may be initiated for a 17 18 WRIA only with the concurrence of: (a) All counties within the WRIA; (b) the largest city or town within the WRIA unless the WRIA does not 19 contain a city or town; and (c) the water supply utility obtaining the 20 largest quantity of water from the WRIA. To apply for a grant for 21 organizing the planning unit as provided for under RCW 90.82.040(2)(a), 22 23 these entities shall designate the entity that will serve as the lead 24 agency for the planning effort and indicate how the planning unit will 25 be staffed.
 - (3) Watershed planning under this chapter may be initiated for a multi-WRIA area only with the concurrence of: (a) All counties within the multi-WRIA area; (b) the largest city or town in each WRIA unless the WRIA does not contain a city or town; and (c) the water supply utility obtaining the largest quantity of water in each WRIA.

28 29

- 31 (4) If entities in subsection (2) or (3) of this section decide 32 jointly and unanimously to proceed, they shall invite all tribes with 33 reservation lands within the management area.
- 34 (5) The entities in subsection (2) or (3) of this section, 35 including the tribes if they affirmatively accept the invitation, 36 constitute the initiating governments for the purposes of this section.
- 37 (6) The organizing grant shall be used to organize the planning 38 unit and to determine the scope of the planning to be conducted. In

determining the scope of the planning activities, consideration shall 1 2 be given to all existing plans and related planning activities. scope of planning must include water quantity elements as provided in 3 4 section 3 of this act, and may include water quality elements as contained in section 5 of this act, habitat elements as contained in 5 section 6 of this act, and instream flow elements as contained in 6 7 section 4 of this act. The initiating governments shall work with 8 state government, other local governments within the management area, 9 and affected tribal governments, in developing a planning process. The 10 initiating governments may hold public meetings as deemed necessary to 11 develop a proposed scope of work and a proposed composition of the planning unit. In developing a proposed composition of the planning 12 13 unit, the initiating governments shall provide for representation of a wide range of water resource interests. 14

- 15 (7) Each state agency with regulatory or other interests in the 16 WRIA or multi-WRIA area to be planned shall assist the local citizens 17 in the planning effort to the greatest extent practicable, recognizing any fiscal limitations. In providing such technical assistance and to 18 19 facilitate representation on the planning unit, state agencies may 20 organize and agree upon their representation on the planning unit. Such technical assistance must only be at the request of and to the 21 22 extent desired by the planning unit conducting such planning. 23 number of state agency representatives on the planning unit shall be 24 determined by the initiating governments in consultation with the 25 governor's office.
- 26 (8) As used in this section, "lead agency" means the entity that 27 coordinates staff support of its own or of other local governments and 28 receives grants for developing a watershed plan.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 3. WATER QUANTITY. Watershed planning under this chapter shall address water quantity in the management area by undertaking an assessment of water supply and use in the management area and developing strategies for future use.
 - (1) The assessment shall include:

- 34 (a) An estimate of the surface and ground water present in the 35 management area;
- 36 (b) An estimate of the surface and ground water available in the 37 management area, taking into account seasonal and other variations;

- 1 (c) An estimate of the water in the management area represented by 2 claims in the water rights claims registry, water use permits, 3 certificated rights, existing minimum instream flow rules, federally 4 reserved rights, and any other rights to water;
- 5 (d) An estimate of the surface and ground water actually being used 6 in the management area;
- 7 (e) An estimate of the water needed in the future for use in the 8 management area;
- 9 (f) An identification of the location of areas where aquifers are 10 known to recharge surface bodies of water and areas known to provide 11 for the recharge of aquifers from the surface; and
- 12 (g) An estimate of the surface and ground water available for 13 further appropriation, taking into account the minimum instream flows 14 adopted by rule or to be adopted by rule under this chapter for streams 15 in the management area including the data necessary to evaluate 16 necessary flows for fish.
- 17 (2) Strategies for increasing water supplies in the management area, which may include, but are not limited to, increasing water 18 19 supplies through water conservation, water reuse, the use of reclaimed water, voluntary water transfers, aquifer recharge and recovery, 20 additional water allocations, or additional water storage and water 21 storage enhancements. The objective of these strategies is to supply 22 water in sufficient quantities to satisfy the minimum instream flows 23 24 for fish and to provide water for future out-of-stream uses for water 25 identified in subsection (1)(e) and (g) of this section and to ensure 26 that adequate water supplies are available for agriculture, energy production, and population and economic growth under the requirements 27 of the state's growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW. 28 strategies, in and of themselves, shall not be construed to confer new 29 30 water rights. The watershed plan must address the strategies required 31 under this subsection.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 4. INSTREAM FLOWS. (1)(a) If the initiating governments choose, by majority vote, to include an instream flow component, it shall be accomplished in the following manner:
- (i) If minimum instream flows have already been adopted by rule for a stream within the management area, unless the members of the local governments and tribes on the planning unit by a recorded unanimous vote request the department to modify those flows, the minimum instream

- flows shall not be modified under this chapter. If the members of local governments and tribes request the planning unit to modify instream flows and unanimous approval of the decision to modify such flow is not achieved, then the instream flows shall not be modified under this section;
- (ii) If minimum stream flows have not been adopted by rule for a 6 7 stream within the management area, setting the minimum instream flows 8 shall be a collaborative effort between the department and members of 9 the planning unit. The department must attempt to achieve consensus 10 and approval among the members of the planning unit regarding the minimum flows to be adopted by the department. Approval is achieved if 11 all government members and tribes that have been invited and accepted 12 on the planning unit present for a recorded vote unanimously vote to 13 support the proposed minimum instream flows, and all nongovernmental 14 15 members of the planning unit present for the recorded vote, by a 16 majority, vote to support the proposed minimum instream flows.
 - (b) The department shall undertake rule making to adopt flows under (a) of this subsection. The department may adopt the rules either by the regular rules adoption process provided in chapter 34.05 RCW, the expedited rules adoption process as set forth in RCW 34.05.230, or through a rules adoption process that uses public hearings and notice provided by the county legislative authority to the greatest extent possible. Such rules do not constitute significant legislative rules as defined in RCW 34.05.328, and do not require the preparation of small business economic impact statements.

18 19

20

2122

2324

25

26

27

28 29

30

31

32

3334

35

3637

- (c) If approval is not achieved within four years of the date the planning unit first receives funds from the department for conducting watershed assessments under RCW 90.82.040, the department may promptly initiate rule making under chapter 34.05 RCW to establish flows for those streams and shall have two additional years to establish the instream flows for those streams for which approval is not achieved.
- (2)(a) Notwithstanding RCW 90.03.345, minimum instream flows set under this section for rivers or streams that do not have existing minimum instream flow levels set by rule of the department shall have a priority date of two years after funding is first received from the department under RCW 90.82.040, unless determined otherwise by a unanimous vote of the members of the planning unit but in no instance may it be later than the effective date of the rule adopting such flow.

- (b) Any increase to an existing minimum instream flow set by rule 1 2 of the department shall have a priority date of two years after funding is first received for planning in the WRIA or multi-WRIA area from the 3 department under RCW 90.82.040 and the priority date of the portion of 4 5 the minimum instream flow previously established by rule shall retain its priority date as established under RCW 90.03.345. 6
- 7 (c) Any existing minimum instream flow set by rule of the department that is reduced shall retain its original date of priority as established by RCW 90.03.345 for the revised amount of the minimum instream flow level.

9

- (3) Before setting minimum instream flows under this section, the 11 12 department shall engage in government-to-government consultation with 13 affected tribes in the management area regarding the setting of such 14 flows.
- 15 (4) Nothing in this chapter either: (a) Affects the department's authority to establish flow requirements or other conditions under RCW 16 17 90.48.260 or the federal clean water act (33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq.) for the licensing or relicensing of a hydroelectric power project under 18 19 the federal power act (16 U.S.C. Sec. 791 et seq.); or (b) affects or 20 impairs existing instream flow requirements and other conditions in a current license for a hydroelectric power project licensed under the 21 22 federal power act.
- (5) If the planning unit is unable to obtain unanimity under 23 24 subsection (1) of this section, the department may adopt rules setting 25 such flows.
- 26 WATER QUALITY. If the initiating NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. governments choose to include a water quality component, the watershed 27 plan shall include the following elements: 28
- 29 (1) An examination based on existing studies conducted by federal, 30 state, and local agencies of the degree to which legally established water quality standards are being met in the management area; 31
- 32 (2) An examination based on existing studies conducted by federal, 33 state, and local agencies of the causes of water quality violations in 34 the management area, including an examination of information regarding pollutants, point and nonpoint sources of pollution, and pollution-35 36 carrying capacities of water bodies in the management area. The analysis shall take into account seasonal stream flow or level 37

- 1 variations, natural events, and pollution from natural sources that 2 occurs independent of human activities;
- 3 (3) An examination of the legally established characteristic uses 4 of each of the nonmarine bodies of water in the management area;
- (4) An examination of any total maximum daily load established for nonmarine bodies of water in the management area, unless a total maximum daily load process has begun in the management area as of the date the watershed planning process is initiated under section 2 of this act.
- 10 (5) An examination of existing data related to the impact of fresh 11 water on marine water quality;
- 12 (6) A recommended approach for implementing the total maximum daily 13 load established for achieving compliance with water quality standards 14 for the nonmarine bodies of water in the management area, unless a 15 total maximum daily load process has begun in the management area as of 16 the date the watershed planning process is initiated under section 2 of 17 this act; and
- 18 (7) Recommended means of monitoring by appropriate government 19 agencies whether actions taken to implement the approach to bring about 20 improvements in water quality are sufficient to achieve compliance with 21 water quality standards.
- This chapter does not obligate the state to undertake analysis or to develop strategies required under the federal clean water act (33 U.S.C. Sec. 1251 et seq.). This chapter does not authorize any planning unit, lead agency, or local government to adopt water quality standards or total maximum daily loads under the federal clean water act.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** HABITAT. If the initiating governments 28 29 choose to include a habitat component, the watershed plan shall be 30 coordinated or developed to protect or enhance fish habitat in the management area. Such planning must rely on existing laws, rules, or 31 32 ordinances created for the purpose of protecting, restoring, enhancing fish habitat, including the shoreline management act, chapter 33 34 90.58 RCW, the growth management act, chapter 36.70A RCW, and the forest practices act, chapter 76.09 RCW. Planning established under 35 36 this section shall be integrated with strategies developed under other processes to respond to potential and actual listings of salmon and 37 38 other fish species as being threatened or endangered under the federal

- 1 endangered species act, 16 U.S.C. Sec. 1531 et seq. Where habitat
- 2 restoration activities are being developed under chapter . . ., Laws of
- 3 1998 (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2496), such activities shall
- 4 be relied on as the primary nonregulatory habitat component for fish
- 5 habitat under this chapter.
- 6 NEW SECTION. Sec. 7. IDENTIFICATION OF PROJECTS AND ACTIVITIES.
- 7 The planning unit shall review historical data such as fish runs,
- 8 weather patterns, land use patterns, seasonal flows, and geographic
- 9 characteristics of the management area, and also review the planning,
- 10 projects, and activities that have already been completed regarding
- 11 natural resource management or enhancement in the management area and
- 12 the products or status of those that have been initiated but not
- 13 completed for such management in the management area, and incorporate
- 14 their products as appropriate so as not to duplicate the work already
- 15 performed or underway.

that should be implemented first.

- The planning group is encouraged to identify projects and activities that are likely to serve both short-term and long-term management goals and that warrant immediate financial assistance from the state, federal, or local government. If there are multiple projects, the planning group shall give consideration to ranking projects that have the greatest benefit and schedule those projects
- 23 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 8.** PLAN PARAMETERS. (1) Watershed planning
- 24 developed and approved under this chapter shall not contain provisions
- 25 that: (a) Are in conflict with existing state statutes, federal laws,
- 26 or tribal treaty rights; (b) impair or diminish in any manner an
- 27 existing water right evidenced by a claim filed in the water rights
- 28 claims registry established under chapter 90.14 RCW or a water right
- 29 certificate or permit; (c) require a modification in the basic
- 30 operations of a federal reclamation project with a water right the
- 31 priority date of which is before the effective date of this section or
- 32 alter in any manner whatsoever the quantity of water available under
- 33 the water right for the reclamation project, whether the project has or
- 34 has not been completed before the effective date of this section; (d)
- 35 affect or interfere with an ongoing general adjudication of water
- 36 rights; (e) modify or require the modification of any waste discharge
- 37 permit issued under chapter 90.48 RCW; (f) modify or require the

modification of activities or actions taken or intended to be taken 1 2 under a habitat restoration work schedule developed under chapter . . ., Laws of 1998 (Engrossed Substitute House Bill No. 2496); or (g) 3 4 modify or require the modification of activities or actions taken to 5 protect or enhance fish habitat if the activities or actions are: (i) Part of an approved habitat conservation plan and an incidental take 6 permit, an incidental take statement, a management or recovery plan, or 7 8 other cooperative or conservation agreement entered into with a federal 9 or state fish and wildlife protection agency under its statutory 10 authority for fish and wildlife protection that addresses the affected habitat; or (ii) part of a water quality program adopted by an 11 12 irrigation district under chapter 87.03 RCW or a board of joint control 13 under chapter 87.80 RCW. This subsection (1)(q) applies as long as the activities or actions continue to be taken in accordance with the plan, 14 15 agreement, permit, or statement. Any assessment conducted under 16 section 3, 5, or 6 of this act shall take into consideration such 17 activities and actions and those taken under the forest practices rules, including watershed analysis adopted under the forest practices 18 19 act, chapter 76.09 RCW.

- 20 (2) Watershed planning developed and approved under this chapter 21 shall not change existing local ordinances or existing state rules or 22 permits, but may contain recommendations for changing such ordinances 23 or rules.
- (3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter, watershed planning shall take into account forest practices rules under the forest practices act, chapter 76.09 RCW, and shall not create any obligations or restrictions on forest practices additional to or inconsistent with the forest practices act and its implementing rules, whether watershed planning is approved by the counties or the department.
- <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 9.** DECISIONS--HEARINGS--APPROVAL. (1)(a) Upon 31 32 completing its proposed watershed plan, the planning unit may approve the proposal by consensus of all of the members of the planning unit or 33 34 by consensus among the members of the planning unit appointed to of government the 35 represent units and a majority vote of 36 nongovernmental members of the planning unit.
- 37 (b) If the proposal is approved by the planning unit, the unit 38 shall submit the proposal to the counties with territory within the

- management area. If the planning unit has received funding beyond the initial fifty thousand dollars under RCW 90.82.040, such a proposal approved by the planning unit shall be submitted to the counties within four years of the date the funding was first received by the planning unit.
- 6 (c) If the watershed plan is not approved by the planning unit, the 7 planning unit may submit the components of the plan for which agreement 8 is achieved using the procedure under (a) of this subsection, or the 9 planning unit may terminate the planning process.
- 10 (2)(a) The legislative authority of each of the counties with 11 territory in the management area shall provide public notice of and 12 conduct at least one public hearing on the proposed watershed plan 13 submitted under this section. After the public hearings, the legislative authorities of these counties shall convene in joint 14 15 session to consider the proposal. The counties may approve or reject 16 the proposed watershed plan for the management area, but may not amend 17 it. Approval of such a proposal shall be made by a majority vote of the members of each of the counties with territory in the management 18 19 area.
- 20 (b) If a proposed watershed plan is not approved, it shall be returned to the planning unit with recommendations for revisions.

 22 Approval of such a revised proposal by the planning unit and the counties shall be made in the same manner provided for the original watershed plan. If approval of the revised plan is not achieved, the process shall terminate.
- 26 (3) The planning unit shall not add an element to its watershed 27 plan that creates an obligation unless each of the governments to be obligated has at least one representative on the planning unit and the 28 29 respective members appointed to represent those governments agree to 30 adding the element that creates the obligation. A member's agreeing to add an element shall be evidenced by a recorded vote of all members of 31 the planning unit in which the members record support for adding the 32 33 If the watershed plan is approved under subsections (1) and (2) of this section and the plan creates obligations: (a) For agencies 34 35 of state government, the agencies shall adopt by rule the obligations of both state and county governments and rules implementing the state 36 37 obligations, the obligations on state agencies are binding upon adoption of the obligations into rule, and the agencies shall take 38 39 other actions to fulfill their obligations as soon as possible; or (b)

- 1 for counties, the obligations are binding on the counties and the
- 2 counties shall adopt any necessary implementing ordinances and take
- 3 other actions to fulfill their obligations as soon as possible.
- 4 (4) As used in this section, "obligation" means any action required
- 5 as a result of this chapter that imposes upon a tribal government,
- 6 county government, or state government, either: A fiscal impact; a
- 7 redeployment of resources; or a change of existing policy.
- 8 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 10.** PERMIT PROCESSING. Nothing in this chapter
- 9 may be interpreted as authorizing or directing the department to
- 10 establish a moratorium on the investigation of and decisions on
- 11 applications for permits for the withdrawal of surface water or ground
- 12 water, or changes or transfers of water rights under existing permits.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 11. A new section is added to chapter 43.27A
- 14 RCW to read as follows:
- 15 If planning is being conducted under chapter 90.82 RCW or a plan
- 16 has been adopted under section 9 of this act, the department shall not
- 17 conduct planning under this chapter that conflicts with the planning
- 18 being conducted under chapter 90.82 RCW or a plan that has been adopted
- 19 under section 9 of this act.
- 20 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 12.** A new section is added to chapter 90.54 RCW
- 21 to read as follows:
- 22 If planning is being conducted under chapter 90.82 RCW or a plan
- 23 has been adopted under section 9 of this act, the department shall not
- 24 conduct planning under this chapter that conflicts with the planning
- 25 being conducted under chapter 90.82 RCW or a plan that has been adopted
- 26 under section 9 of this act.
- 27 **Sec. 13.** RCW 43.27A.090 and 1988 c 127 s 25 are each amended to
- 28 read as follows:
- 29 The department shall be empowered as follows:
- 30 (1) To represent the state at, and fully participate in, the
- 31 activities of any basin or regional commission, interagency committee,
- 32 or any other joint interstate or federal-state agency, committee or
- 33 commission, or publicly financed entity engaged in the planning,
- 34 development, administration, management, conservation or preservation
- 35 of the water resources of the state.

- (2) To prepare the views and recommendations of the state of 1 Washington on any project, plan or program relating to the planning, 2 development, administration, management, conservation and preservation 3 4 of any waters located in or affecting the state of Washington, including any federal permit or license proposal, and appear on behalf 5 of, and present views and recommendations of the state at any 6 7 proceeding, negotiation or hearing conducted by the federal government, 8 interstate agency, state or other agency.
- 9 (3) To cooperate with, assist, advise and coordinate plans with the 10 federal government and its officers and agencies, and serve as a state 11 liaison agency with the federal government in matters relating to the 12 use, conservation, preservation, quality, disposal or control of water 13 and activities related thereto.
- 14 (4) To cooperate with appropriate agencies of the federal 15 government and/or agencies of other states, to enter into contracts, 16 and to make appropriate contributions to federal or interstate projects 17 and programs and governmental bodies to carry out the provisions of 18 this chapter.
- 19 (5) To apply for, accept, administer and expend grants, gifts and 20 loans from the federal government or any other entity to carry out the 21 purposes of this chapter and make contracts and do such other acts as 22 are necessary insofar as they are not inconsistent with other 23 provisions hereof.

25

26

27

28

2930

31

32

33

- (6) To develop and maintain a coordinated and comprehensive state water and water resources related development plan, and adopt, with regard to such plan, such policies as are necessary to insure that the waters of the state are used, conserved and preserved for the best interest of the state. There shall be included in the state plan a description of developmental objectives and a statement of the recommended means of accomplishing these objectives. To the extent the director deems desirable, the plan shall integrate into the state plan, the plans, programs, reports, research and studies of other state agencies. A plan adopted under chapter 90.82 RCW satisfies the requirements of planning under this section.
- 35 (7) To assemble and correlate information relating to water supply, 36 power development, irrigation, watersheds, water use, future 37 possibilities of water use and prospective demands for all purposes 38 served through or affected by water resources development.

- (8) To assemble and correlate state, local and federal laws, 1 2 regulations, plans, programs and policies affecting the beneficial use, disposal, pollution, control or conservation of water, river basin 3 4 development, flood prevention, parks, reservations, forests, wildlife refuges, drainage and sanitary systems, waste disposal, water works, 5 watershed protection and development, soil conservation, 6 7 facilities and area and municipal water supply needs, and recommend 8 suitable legislation or other action to the legislature, the congress 9 of the United States, or any city, municipality, or to responsible 10 state, local or federal executive departments or agencies.
- 11 (9) To cooperate with federal, state, regional, interstate and 12 local public and private agencies in the making of plans for drainage, 13 flood control, use, conservation, allocation and distribution of 14 existing water supplies and the development of new water resource 15 projects.
- 16 (10) To encourage, assist and advise regional, and city and 17 municipal agencies, officials or bodies responsible for planning in 18 relation to water aspects of their programs, and coordinate local water 19 resources activities, programs, and plans.
- 20 (11) To promulgate such rules and regulations as are necessary to 21 carry out the purposes of this chapter.
- 22 (12) To hold public hearings, and make such investigations, studies 23 and surveys as are necessary to carry out the purposes of the chapter.
- (13) To subpoena witnesses, compel their attendance, administer oaths, take the testimony of any person under oath and require the production of any books or papers when the department deems such measures necessary in the exercise of its rule-making power or in determining whether or not any license, certificate, or permit shall be granted or extended.
- 30 **Sec. 14.** RCW 90.54.040 and 1997 c 32 s 2 are each amended to read 31 as follows:
- (1) The department, through the adoption of appropriate rules, is directed, as a matter of high priority to insure that the waters of the state are utilized for the best interests of the people, to develop and implement in accordance with the policies of this chapter a comprehensive state water resources program which will provide a process for making decisions on future water resource allocation and use. The department may develop the program in segments so that

- 1 immediate attention may be given to waters of a given physioeconomic
- 2 region of the state or to specific critical problems of water
- 3 allocation and use. A plan adopted under chapter 90.82 RCW satisfies
- 4 the requirements of planning under this section.
- 5 (2) In relation to the management and regulatory programs relating
- 6 to water resources vested in it, the department is further directed to
- 7 modify existing regulations and adopt new regulations, when needed and
- 8 possible, to insure that existing regulatory programs are in accord
- 9 with the water resource policy of this chapter and the program
- 10 established in subsection (1) of this section.
- 11 (3) The department is directed to review all statutes relating to
- 12 water resources which it is responsible for implementing. When any of
- 13 the same appear to the department to be ambiguous, unclear, unworkable,
- 14 unnecessary, or otherwise deficient, it shall make recommendations to
- 15 the legislature including appropriate proposals for statutory
- 16 modifications or additions. Whenever it appears that the policies of
- 17 any such statutes are in conflict with the policies of this chapter,
- 18 and the department is unable to fully perform as provided in subsection
- 19 (2) of this section, the department is directed to submit statutory
- 20 modifications to the legislature which, if enacted, would allow the
- 21 department to carry out such statutes in harmony with this chapter.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 15. CAPTIONS. As used in this act, captions
- 23 constitute no part of the law.
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 16. Sections 2 through 10 of this act are each
- 25 added to chapter 90.82 RCW.
- 26 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 17.** If specific funding for the purposes of
- 27 this act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not
- 28 provided by June 30, 1998, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act
- 29 is null and void."
- 30 **ESHB 2514** S AMD (S5379.5) 973
- 31 By Senators Morton, Rasmussen, Swecker and Fraser
- 32 ADOPTED 3/6/98
- On page 1, line 1 of the title, after "management;" strike the
- 34 remainder of the title and insert "amending RCW 90.82.040, 43.27A.090,

- 1 and 90.54.040; adding new sections to chapter 90.82 RCW; adding a new
- 2 section to chapter 43.27A RCW; adding a new section to chapter 90.54
- 3 RCW; and creating new sections."

--- END ---